

CuZn36

CuZn36 | C27000

CuZn36 is a solid-solution strengthened copper alloy containing 36% zinc (brass). The alloy exhibits good cold working properties and is economically attractive due to its high zinc content. CuZn36 can be soldered and welded. Application areas include deep-drawn parts, metalware, electronics industry, connectors, machinery components, signs and decoration, as well as musical instruments.

Comparable Standarts	
EN	UNS
CW507L	C27000

Chemical Composition %						
Cu	Zn	Ni	Sn	Fe	Pb	Al
63.5-65.5	rem	0.3 max	0.1 max	0.05 max	0.05 max	0.02 max

Physical Properties		
Melting Point	920	[°C]
Density	8.4	(g/cm³)
Cp @ 20°C	0.377	[kJ/kgK]
Thermal Conductivity	116	(W/mK)
Electrical Conductivity	≥28	%IACS
Modules of Elasticity	110	[GPa]
α @ 20°C	20.3	[10-6/K]

Note: The specified conductivity applies to the soft condition only.

Cp specific heat

α thermal expansion coefficient

Fabrication Properties	
Cold Formability	excellent
Hot Formability	tavsiye edilmez
Soldering ability	excellent
Oxyacetylene welding	good
Gas shield arc welding	fair
Resistance welding	good
Machining	fair
Brazing	excellent

Electrical Conductivity

Electrical conductivity depends on chemical composition, level of cold deformation, and grain size. High levels of deformation and small grain size reduce conductivity.

Typcial Uses

Metalware, electrical and mechanical component parts, connectors, electric brackets, clips and contacts, radiator cores and tanks, lamps, bowls, trays, rings, fasteners, bead chain, hinges, stencils, springs, hose couplings, decorative materials, and musical instruments.

Corrosion Resistance

Brass is resistant to natural, industrial, and salt environments, potable water, and alkaline and neutral salinesolutions. Brass exhibits low corrosion resistance to acids, ammonia, halogens, cyanide, and hydrogen sulfide solutions and atmospheres, as well as seawater (especially under high flow rates). Under certain conditions (e.g., high Cl content and low carbon hardness), dezincification can be an issue for alloys containing -phase. The alloy also shows some susceptibility to stress corrosion cracking when exposed to specific environments (e.g., ammonia, amine, or sal ammoniac). If stress corrosion cracking might be an issue, the alloy should be stress-relieved.

Mechanical Properties

	Tensile Strength [MPa]	Yield Strangth [MPa]	Elongation A50 [%]	Hardness HV [-]	Bend ratio 90° [r]		Bend ratio 180° [r]	
					GW	BW	GW	BW
R300	300-370	≤ 180	≥ 38	55-95	0	0	0	0
R350	350-440	≥ 170	≥ 19	95-125	0	0	0	0
R410	410-490	≥ 300	≥ 8	120-155	0	0	0	0
R480	480-560	≥ 430	≥ 3	150-180	0.5	1	1	2
R550	≥ 550	≥ 500	-	≥ 170	1	2	5	6

Other tempers are available upon request.

$r = x * t$ (thickness $t \leq 0.5\text{mm}$)

GW bend axis transverse to rolling direction. BW bend axis parallel to rolling direction.

Dimensional Specifications

Thickness (mm)	Width (mm)
0.04-0.20	10-380
0.21-1.00	5-380
1.01-4.00	15-400
4.01-8.00	25-400